Parts of Speech

Noun - A person, place, thing, or idea

A noun can be the subject or the object in a sentence or clause, or it may be part of a prepositional phrase.

Verb - Expresses action or being

A verb tells what happened. Forms of the word *is* are also verbs. Every sentence must have a verb.

Pronoun - Replaces a noun

Pronouns like *he, she, them*, and *it* can be used instead of repeating the same noun over and over.

Adjective - Describes a noun

Adjectives help your readers to picture what you are talking about.

Adverb - Describes a verb, adjective, or another adverb

Adverbs give additional information such as telling when, where, or how the action happened.

Preposition - Begins a prepositional phrase

Prepositions include of, in, on, to, for, with, at, from, by, and about.

Conjunction - Combine words, phrases, or clauses

Conjunctions include and, or, and but.

Interjection - Expresses emotion

Interjections are often followed by an exclamation point.



Parts of Speech

Noun - A person, place, thing, or idea

The **frog** leaped over the fallen **branch**.

Verb - Expresses action or being

Tim **sprinted** along the track and **won** the race.

Pronoun - Replaces a noun

They carried it to school.

Adjective - Describes a noun

I found an **old wooden** box in the basement.

Adverb - Describes a verb, adjective, or another adverb

I looked **quickly** to see if my **very** favorite sandwich was on the lunch menu.

Preposition - Begins a prepositional phrase

I lost my phone somewhere **in** the building **after** school.

Conjunction - Combines words, phrases, or clauses

Mia **and** Agnes ran around the track **but** didn't jump the hurdles.

Interjection - Expresses emotion

Wow, they're calling for snow tonight! Hurray!

