



Parts of Speech

Noun

A person, place, thing, or idea

A noun can be the subject or the object in a sentence or clause, or it may be part of a prepositional phrase.

Verb

Expresses action or being

A verb tells what happened. Forms of the word *is* are also verbs. Every sentence must have a verb.

Pronoun

Replaces a noun

Pronouns like *he*, *she*, *them*, and *it* can be used instead of repeating the same noun over and over.

Adjective

Describes a noun

Adjectives help your readers to picture what you are talking about.

Adverb

Describes a verb, adjective, or another adverb

Adverbs give additional information such as telling when, where, or how the action happened.

Preposition

Begins a prepositional phrase

Prepositions include *of*, *in*, *on*, *to*, *for*, *with*, *at*, *from*, *by*, and *about*.

Conjunction

Combine words phrases, or clauses

Conjunctions include *and*, *or*, and *but*.

Interjection

Expresses emotion

Interjections are often followed by an exclamation point.



Parts of Speech



Noun - A person, place, thing, or idea

The _____ leaped over the _____.

Verb - Expresses action or being

Tim _____ across the field and _____.

Pronoun - Replaces a noun

_____ carried _____ to school.

Adjective - Describes a noun

I found a _____ box.

Adverb - Describes a verb, adjective, or another adverb

I looked _____ to see what was on the lunch menu.

Preposition - Begins a prepositional phrase

I lost my phone somewhere _____ the building
_____ school.

Conjunction - Combine words phrases, or clauses

Mia _____ Agnes ran around the track _____
jumped over hurdles.

Interjection - Expresses emotion

_____ ! They're calling for snow tonight.